68 A.D.3d 696, 889 N.Y.S.2d 672, 2009 N.Y. Slip Op. 08982 (Cite as: 68 A.D.3d 696, 889 N.Y.S.2d 672)

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Supreme Court, Appellate Division, Second Department, New York. BOARD OF MANAGERS OF PARADISE HARBOR AT PIERMONT LANDING CONDOMINIUM, respondent-appellant, v. DUTCH HILL REALTY CORP., et al., appellantsrespondents. (and a third-party action).

Dec. 1, 2009.

Background: Board of managers for condominium development brought action against property management firm and bank, alleging breach of contract under which board secured defendants' promise to provide funding, under existing loans, to contractor that was required under settlement agreement with board to complete various repairs and construction work. The Supreme Court, Rockland County, Weiner, J., granted in part and denied in part defendants' summary judgment motion. Parties appealed.

Holdings: The Supreme Court, Appellate Division, held that:

(1) defendants satisfied their obligations under contract, and

(2) defendants could not be held liable for alleged violation of duty to negotiate settlement in good faith.

Affirmed as modified.

West Headnotes

[1] Contracts 95 🖘 194

95 Contracts 95II Construction and Operation 95II(C) Subject-Matter 95k194 k. Loans and advances. Most

Cited Cases

Property management firm and bank provided funding under existing loans to contractor, as required under contract with board of managers for condominium development, and proposed to increase loan amount after exhaustion of previous loans in order to complete work that contractor was obligated to perform under settlement agreement with board, precluding firm's and bank's liability in board's breach of contract action.

[2] Common Interest Communities 83T 🕬

83T Common Interest Communities

83TVII Actions and Proceedings

83Tk161 k. Costs and attorney fees. Most Cited Cases

(Formerly 102k194.32, 102k16)

Under terms of contract between board of managers for condominium development and property management firm and bank, board was not entitled to court costs or fees, precluding firm's and bank's liability in board's breach of contract action arising from alleged breach of obligation to negotiate settlement in good faith; under terms of contract, negotiating in good faith was condition precedent to initiating litigation or arbitration but did not give rise to any particular penalty or remedy, and only prevailing party in litigation was entitled to court costs and fees.

****673** Moran **Karamouzis**, LLP, Rockville Centre, N.Y. (Andrew P. **Karamouzis** of counsel), for appellants-respondents.

McCullough, Goldberger & Staudt, LLP, White Plains, N.Y. (Patricia W. Gurahian and Edmund Grainger of counsel), for respondent-appellant.

REINALDO E. RIVERA, J.P., RANDALL T. ENG , CHERYL E. CHAMBERS, and L. PRISCILLA HALL, JJ.

*696 In an action, inter alia, to recover

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damages for breach of contract, the defendants appeal, as limited by their brief, from (1) stated portions of an order of the Supreme Court, Rockland County (Weiner, J.), dated October 8, 2008, and (2) so much of an amended order of the same court dated December 24, 2008, as denied those branches of their motion which were for summary judgment dismissing the first, second, and third causes of action of the amended complaint alleging breach of contract, and the plaintiff crossappeals from (1) stated portions of the same order and (2) so much of the amended order as denied those branches of its cross motion which were for summary judgment on the issue of liability on its first and third causes of action.

ORDERED that the appeal and cross appeal from the order are dismissed, as the order was superseded by the amended order; and it is further,

ORDERED that the amended order is reversed insofar as appealed*697 from, on the law, and those branches of the motion which were for summary judgment dismissing the first, second, and third causes of action of the amended complaint alleging breach of contract are granted, and the order is modified accordingly; and it is further,

ORDERED that the amended order is affirmed insofar as cross-appealed from; and it is further,

ORDERED that one bill of costs is awarded to the appellants-respondents.

The plaintiff, Board of Managers of Paradise Harbor at Piermont Landing Condominium (hereinafter the Condo Board), and Twenty Eight Associates, LLC (hereinafter 28 Associates), entered into a settlement agreement wherein 28 Associates was mandated to complete various repairs and construction work at the Piermont Landing Condominium. On the same day, the Condo Board entered into a contract with the defendants Dutch Hill Realty Corp. and Union State Bank (hereinafter together the Bank), wherein the Bank was obligated to provide to 28 Associates, under existing loans, sufficient funding for 28 Associates to complete the settlement work. The Bank extended loans to 28 Associates, the full amounts of which were exhausted prior to the completion of the work. The Bank proposed to increase the ****674** loan amount; however, this proposal was ultimately refused by 28 Associates. The Bank did not inform the Condo Board that 28 Associates refused their offer to increase the loan amount. The work remained uncompleted until the Condo Board undertook to complete it, expending a significant sum in the process.

[1][2] The Bank established its entitlement to judgment as a matter of law dismissing the first, second, and third causes of action, alleging breach of contract, by demonstrating that it provided funding under existing loans to 28 Associates as required under the agreement and proposed to increase the loan amount after the exhaustion of the previous loans in order to complete the work (see Zuckerman v. City of New York, 49 N.Y.2d 557, 427 N.Y.S.2d 595, 404 N.E.2d 718). The Bank also demonstrated that, under the terms of the agreement, the Condo Board was not entitled to court costs or fees for the Bank's alleged failure to negotiate a settlement in good faith. Under provision 7 of the agreement, negotiating in good faith is a condition precedent to initiating litigation or arbitration. The failure by either party to negotiate in good faith does not give rise to any particular penalty or remedy. Only the prevailing party in litigation is entitled to court costs and fees. In opposition, the Condo Board failed to raise a triable issue of fact. Therefore, the Supreme Court improperly denied those *698 branches of the Bank's motion which were for summary judgment dismissing the first, second, and third causes of action.

The Condo Board failed to establish, on those branches of its motion which were for summary judgment on the issue of liability on the first and third causes of action, that the Bank breached its obligation under the agreement. Although it is undisputed that 28 Associates failed to complete the settlement work, that fact does not establish that the Bank violated the agreement. The Condo Board also failed to establish that it is entitled to relief based on the Bank's alleged breach of an obligation to negotiate in good faith under the terms of the agreement. In any event, the Condo Board failed to demonstrate that the Bank failed to negotiate a settlement in good faith. Therefore, the Supreme Court properly denied those branches of the Condo Board's cross motion which were for summary judgment on the issue of liability on the first and third causes of action.

The plaintiff's remaining contention is not properly before this Court.

N.Y.A.D. 2 Dept., 2009.

Board of Managers of Paradise Harbor at Piermont Landing Condominium v. Dutch Hill Realty Corp. 68 A.D.3d 696, 889 N.Y.S.2d 672, 2009 N.Y. Slip Op. 08982

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